Naloxone Kits Distributed by the North Carolina Harm Reduction Coalition, 8/1/2013- 6/30/2018

86,177 kits distributed*

*286 kits distributed in an unknown location in North Carolina and 18 kits distributed to individuals living in states outside of North Carolina; includes 9,122 kits distributed to Law Enforcement Agencies and 1,000 kits distributed at the Cherokee Reservation

Source: North Carolina Harm Reduction Coalition (NCHRC), July 2018
Analysis by Injury Epidemiology and Surveillance Unit
Opioid Overdose Reversals with Naloxone Reported to the North Carolina Harm Reduction Coalition, 8/1/2013-6/30/2018

11,213 community reversals reported

Source: North Carolina Harm Reduction Coalition (NCHRC), July 2018
Analysis by Injury Epidemiology and Surveillance Unit
Opioid Overdose Reversals with Naloxone Reported to the North Carolina Harm Reduction Coalition, 8/1/2013-6/30/2018

11,213 community reversals reported*

*38 reversals in an unknown location in North Carolina and 215 reversals using NCHRC kits in other states reported to NCHRC

Source: North Carolina Harm Reduction Coalition (NCHRC), July 2018
Analysis by Injury Epidemiology and Surveillance Unit
Percent of Overdose Reversals* with 1, 2, or 3+ doses of Naloxone Administered, 10/1/2016-6/30/2018

Last month, **17%** of reversals where dosage amount was reported (N=69) used **3 or more doses** of naloxone.

*Percentage based on reversals with known dosage amount. Use caution when interpreting this data as a large percentage of each months' reversals had unknown dosage amounts.

Source: North Carolina Harm Reduction Coalition (NCHRC), July 2018
Analysis by Injury Epidemiology and Surveillance Unit
Total Number of NC Law Enforcement Agencies Carrying Naloxone, 1/1/2015-6/30/2018

- **249** LE Agencies Carrying Naloxone
- **103** LE Agencies reporting reversals

Source: North Carolina Harm Reduction Coalition (NCHRC), July 2018
Analysis by Injury Epidemiology and Surveillance Unit
Counties with Law Enforcement Carrying Naloxone*

as of June 30, 2018

249 Law Enforcement Agencies covering 90 counties

*As reported by the NC Harm Reduction Coalition.
For the full list of known Law Enforcement Agencies carrying naloxone visit:

Source: North Carolina Harm Reduction Coalition (NCHRC), July 2018
Analysis by Injury Epidemiology and Surveillance Unit
Opioid Overdose Reversals with Naloxone Reported by NC Law Enforcement Agencies, 1/1/2015-6/30/2018

1,321 total reversals reported by Law Enforcement*

*20 reversals with an unknown date included in total. Reversals are based on date report is received, which may not reflect the date the reversal occurred.

Source: North Carolina Harm Reduction Coalition (NCHRC), July 2018
Analysis by Injury Epidemiology and Surveillance Unit
Opioid Overdose Reversals with Naloxone Reported by NC Law Enforcement Agencies*, 1/1/2015-6/30/2018

1,321 Law Enforcement reversals reported

For the full list of known Law Enforcement Agencies carrying naloxone visit:

Source: North Carolina Harm Reduction Coalition (NCHRC), July 2018
Analysis by Injury Epidemiology and Surveillance Unit
Currently there are 30 active* SEPs covering 35 counties in NC

*There may be SEPs operating that are not represented on this map; in order to be counted as an active SEP, paperwork must be submitted to the NC Division of Public Health.
Counties with Fair Chance Hiring Ordinances*
as of June 30, 2018

6 counties and 6 municipalities with Fair Chance Hiring Ordinances

*Fair Chance Hiring policies, also known as Ban the Box, delay questions regarding a criminal record history until the applicant has first had a chance to show their qualifications and explain their criminal history to the employer.

Source: North Carolina Harm Reduction Coalition, July 2018
Analysis: Injury Epidemiology and Surveillance Unit
Counties with EMS Naloxone Take Home Programs for IDUs* as of June 30, 2018

26 active Emergency Medical Services (EMS) Naloxone Take Home Programs†

*Naloxone Take Home Programs provide naloxone to Injection Drug Users (IDUs) who refuse transport to the hospital after an overdose.
† 1 program covering the Eastern Band of Cherokee Indians Tribe

Source: The North Carolina Office of EMS (NC OEMS) and North Carolina Harm Reduction Coalition, July 2018
Analysis: Injury Epidemiology and Surveillance Unit
Counties with Law Enforcement Assisted Diversion (LEAD)*
as of July 10, 2018

6 active LEAD programs

*LEAD is a pre-booking diversion program that allows Law Enforcement Officers to redirect low-level offenders engaged in drug or sex work activity to community-based programs and services, instead of jail and prosecution.

Source: North Carolina Harm Reduction Coalition, July 2018
Analysis: Injury Epidemiology and Surveillance Unit
Counties with Post Overdose Response Programs*

as of June 30, 2018

8 active Post Overdose Response Programs

*The Post Overdose Response Programs (or Rapid Response Teams) offer support, recovery resources and links to substance use disorder treatment options, overdose prevention education, naloxone, case management, and referrals to syringe exchange programs.

Source: North Carolina Harm Reduction Coalition, July 2018
Analysis: Injury Epidemiology and Surveillance Unit
Counties with First Responder Syringe Exchange Programs as of June 30, 2018

2 active Fire/EMS Syringe Exchange Program

*First Responder Syringe Exchange Programs (SEPs) are operated by Fire and/or EMS and provide naloxone, recovery resources, syringes, and sterile injection supplies to those who need these services.

Source: North Carolina Harm Reduction Coalition, July 2018
Analysis: Injury Epidemiology and Surveillance Unit
Fentanyl Positive Test Strips by Test Site, 9/1/2017-6/30/2018

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Location</th>
<th>Percent Positive for Fentanyl</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Durham</td>
<td>61%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Fayetteville</td>
<td>58%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Greensboro</td>
<td>90%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Greenville</td>
<td>12%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Raleigh</td>
<td>72%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Vance</td>
<td>100%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Wilmington</td>
<td>91%</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Source: North Carolina Harm Reduction Coalition, July 2018
Analysis: Injury Epidemiology and Surveillance Unit