



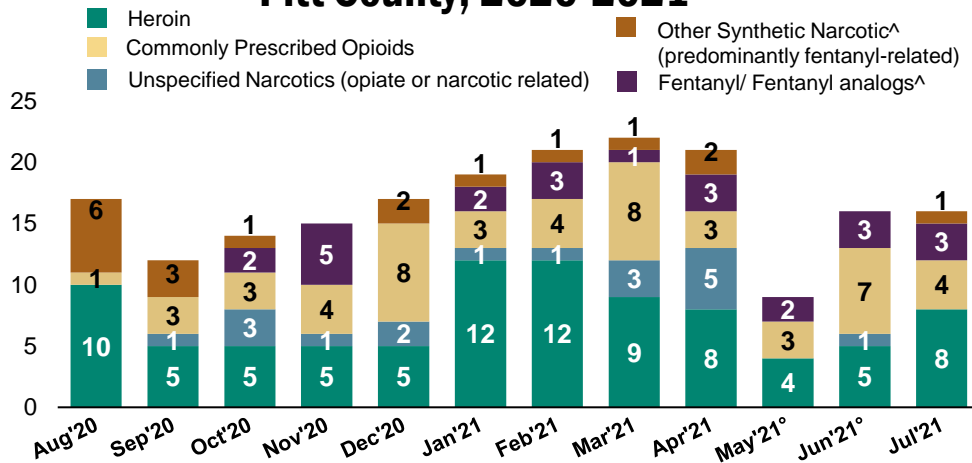
# Pitt County

# 2021\*

## 124 OPIOID OVERDOSE EMERGENCY DEPARTMENT VISITS

### Opioid Overdose ED Visits Last 12 Months:

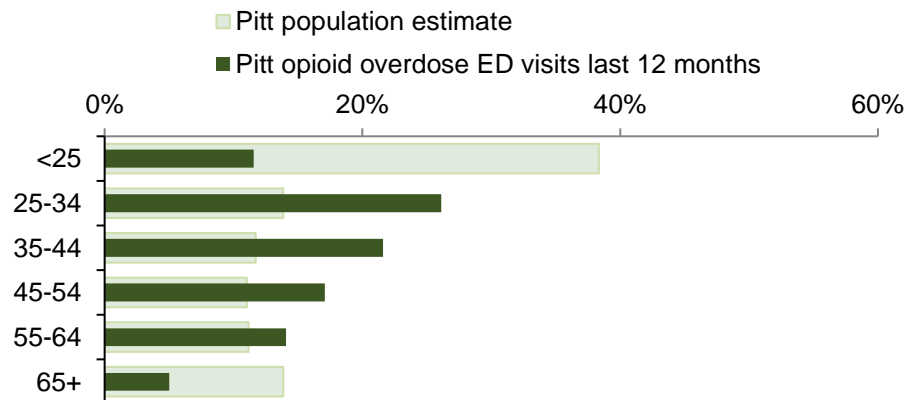
#### Pitt County, 2020-2021\*



°There are known data quality gaps for May-June 2021 that may be impacting the shown trends. Interpret the data for these months with caution.

YTD: Year to date; \*Provisional Data: 2020-2021 ED Visits  
 ^Fentanyl/fentanyl analogs drug class is a new ICD10CM diagnosis code as of October 2020, prior to this month, this category was predominately captured in the non-specific "Other Synthetic Narcotic" drug class.  
 Note: 2020-2021 ED visit data is provisional; For case definitions, go to <https://www.injuryfreenc.ncdhhs.gov/DataSurveillance/poisoning/SummaryTableforPoisoningDefinitions.pdf>

### Opioid Overdose ED Visits by Age Group

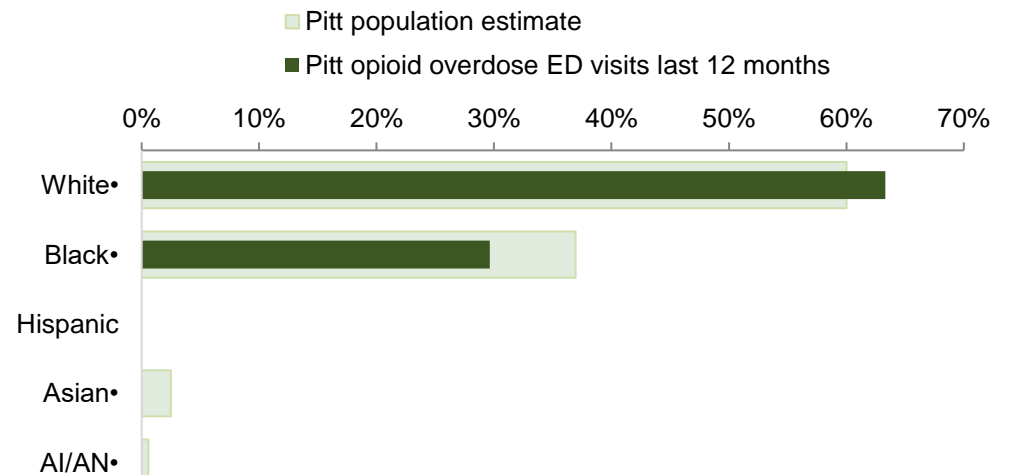


## 124 Opioid Overdose ED Visits in Pitt County for 2021\* YTD

compared to 82 Jan to Jul 2020\*

Source: NC DETECT: Data Source: ED; Custom Event: Overdose: Opioid Overdose V.2 (ICD-9/10-CM)

### Opioid Overdose ED Visits by Race Ethnicity



•Non-hispanic, **except** when ethnicity data are missing or incomplete (less than 85% ethnicity data available); if ethnicity is missing, race categories include both Hispanic and Non-Hispanic. AI/AN (American Indian/ Alaskan Native).

Note: NC DETECT is North Carolina's statewide syndromic surveillance system. There may be data quality issues affecting our counts: counties with <10 cases may not be true lack of opioid overdose cases but data quality issues; additionally, some hospitals use non-specific poisoning codes rather than specific opioid poisoning codes. For training on NCDETECT, contact Amy Ising, [ising@ad.unc.edu](mailto:ising@ad.unc.edu).

Counts based on ICD-10-CM diagnosis code of an opioid overdose: T40.0 (Opium), T40.1 (Heroin), T40.2 (Other Opioids), T40.3 (Methadone), and T40.4 (Other Synthetic Narcotics), and T40.6 (Other and Unspecified Narcotics).