ALL OPIOID OVERDOSE EMERGENCY DEPARTMENT VISITS: NORTH CAROLINA, MAY 2018

451 All opioid overdose ED visits: May 2018

Compared to 484 May 2017

Source: NC DETECT; ED; Syndrome: Overdose; Opioid Overdose (ICD-9/10-CM)

The highest concentration of visits by zip code occurred in:

Cumberland, Lee, Buncombe, Davidson, and Burke counties.

The highest rates occurred in:

Cumberland (12.2 per 100,000 residents), and Robeson (9 per 100,000 residents) counties.

Note: Counts based on diagnosis (ICD-9/10-CM code) of an opioid overdose of any intent (accidental, intentional, assault, and undetermined) for North Carolina residents. Opioid overdose cases include poisonings with opium, heroin, opioids, methadone, and other synthetic narcotics. *Emergency department visit data from NC DETECT are provisional and should not be considered final. There may be data quality issues affecting our counts: counties with <10 cases may not be true lack of opioid overdose cases but data quality issues; additionally, some hospitals use non-specific poisoning codes rather than specific opioid poisoning codes.
The highest concentration of visits by zip code occurred in:

**Cumberland, Lee, Buncombe, Davidson, and Vance counties.**

The highest rates occurred in:

**Cumberland (7 per 100,000 residents), and Forsyth (4 per 100,000 residents) counties.**

**Note:** Counts based on diagnosis (ICD-9/10-CM code) of a heroin overdose of any intent (accidental, intentional, assault, and undetermined) for North Carolina residents. *Emergency department visit data from NC DETECT are provisional and should not be considered final. There may be data quality issues affecting our counts: counties with <10 cases may not be true lack of opioid overdose cases but data quality issues; additionally, some hospitals use non-specific poisoning codes rather than specific opioid poisoning codes.*