

220

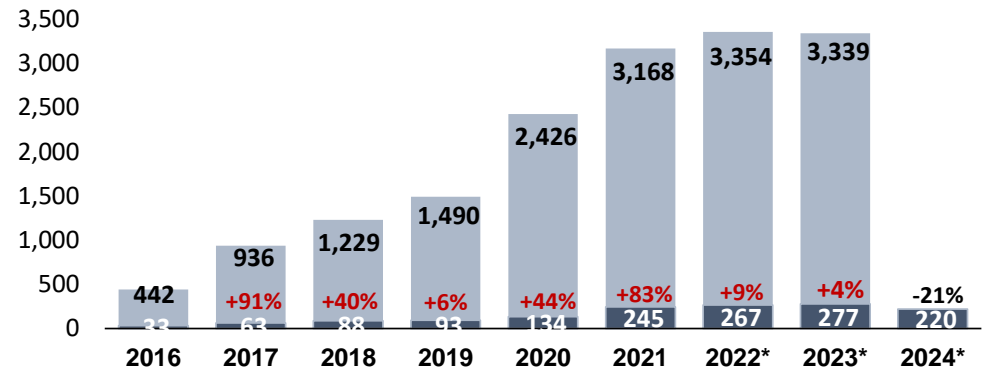
Fentanyl-Positive Deaths, North Carolina Office of the Chief Medical Examiner (OCME) Toxicology Data: Jan 2024*

220 Fentanyl-Positive Deaths[^], January 2024*

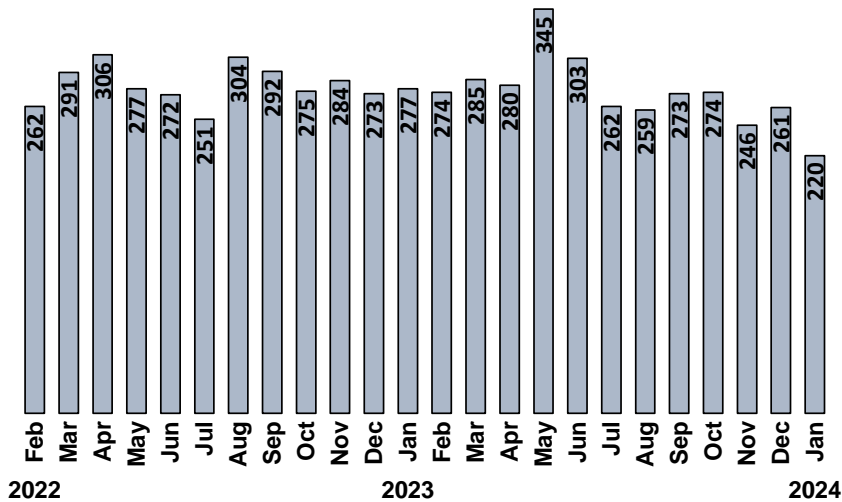
Compared to **277** in January 2023

[^]Deaths included in this report tested positive for fentanyl at the time of the death when toxicology testing was performed. Toxicology results are based on analytical testing of specimens performed by NC OCME Toxicology. The detection of fentanyl only indicates deaths with positive fentanyl toxicology results. The presence of fentanyl at time of death does not necessarily indicate fentanyl as the cause of death.

Fentanyl-Positive Deaths: 2016-2024



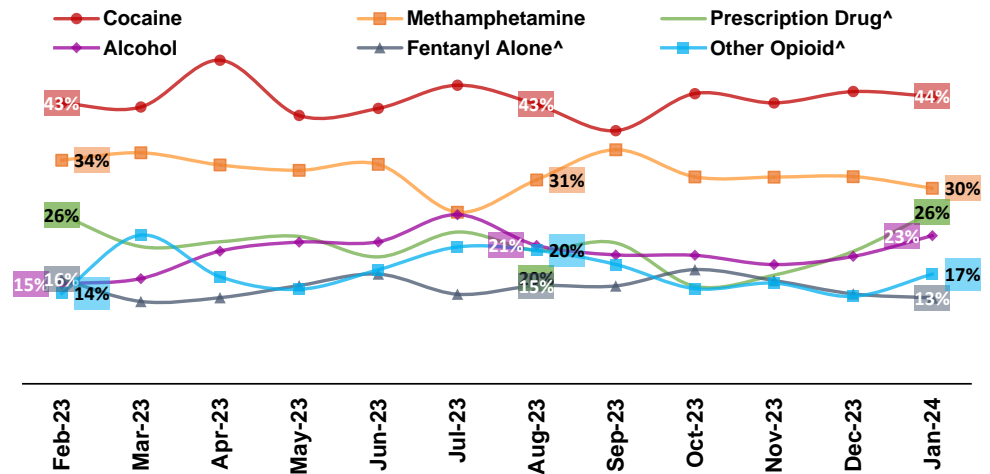
Last 24 Months of Fentanyl-Positive Deaths*



*Data are provisional and subject to change.

Data Source: NC OCME Toxicology data; NC OCME Toxicology is nationally accredited by the American Board of Forensic Toxicology, Inc. NC OCME Toxicology provides forensic analytical testing of specimens for all 100 counties of the statewide medical examiner system. Toxicology results are based on blood, vitreous fluid, or other specimens used for testing at the discretion of the pathologist and/or toxicologist.

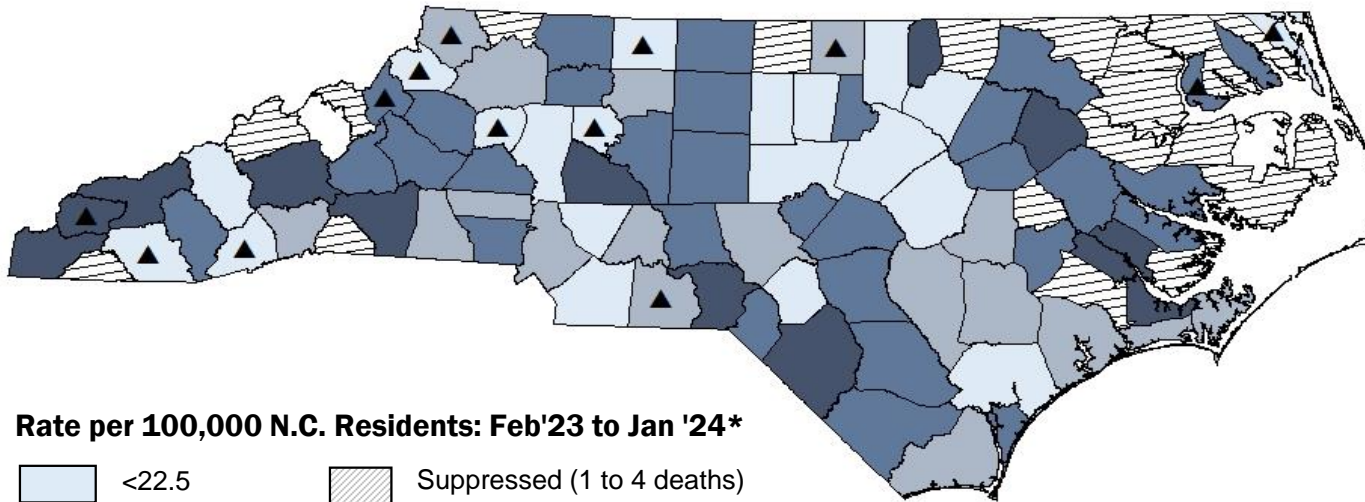
Last 12 Months Polysubstance Use in Fentanyl-Positive Deaths*[^]



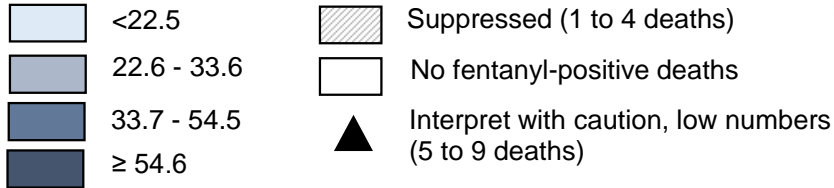
[^]Categories are not mutually exclusive. Prescription drugs are defined as benzodiazepines and gabapentin/pregabalin. Other opioids include heroin, prescription opioids, and illicit opioids (excluding fentanyl). Fentanyl alone indicates that alcohol, cocaine, prescription drugs (benzodiazepines and gabapentin/pregabalin), methamphetamine, and other opioids were not present.



Rate of Fentanyl-Positive Deaths in North Carolina by County: Feb '23 to Jan '24*



Rate per 100,000 N.C. Residents: Feb'23 to Jan '24*



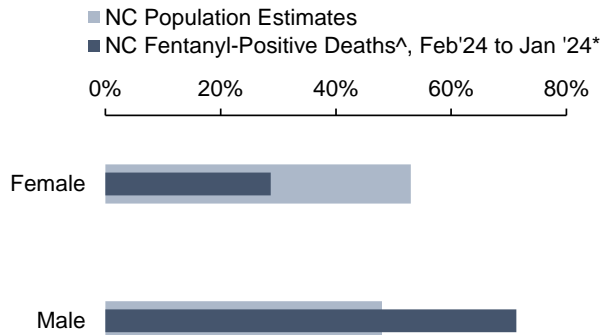
Highest Rates of Fentanyl-Positive Deaths Among Counties with >9 deaths: Feb'23 to Jan '24*

County	Deaths	Rate
Swain	11	78.8
Robeson	84	72.0
Richmond	30	70.1
Craven	66	65.4
Rowan	88	58.8
Cherokee	17	57.6
Rutherford	37	57.0
Vance	23	54.6
Buncombe	144	52.6
Edgecombe	25	51.8
Statewide	3,282	30.7

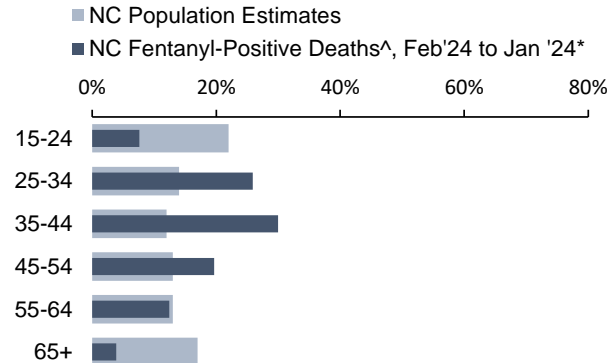
*2022-2023 data are considered provisional and should not be considered final. Deaths included in this report tested positive for fentanyl at the time of the death when toxicology testing was performed. Toxicology results are based on analytical testing of specimens performed by NC OCME Toxicology. The detection of fentanyl only indicates deaths with positive fentanyl toxicology results. The presence of fentanyl at time of death does not necessarily indicate fentanyl as the cause of death. Rates calculated with 2022 county population estimates.

Demographics of Fentanyl-Positive Deaths Compared to Overall NC Population Estimates: Feb'23 to Jan '24*

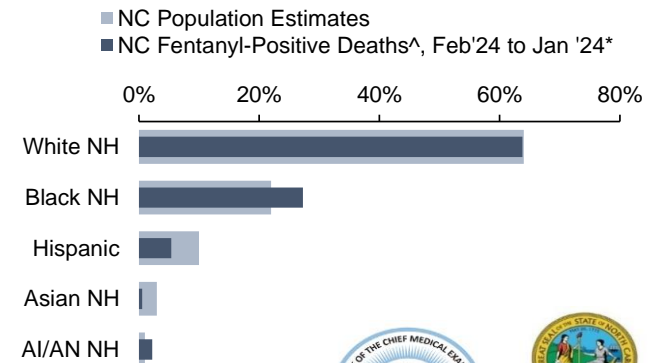
Deaths by Sex



Deaths by Age Group



Deaths by Race/Ethnicity



^Data Sources: Toxicology Data—NC OCME Toxicology; Demographic Data—OCME medical examiner system; Population Data—U.S. Census Bureau, <http://quickfacts.census.gov>; 2022-2023 data are considered provisional and should not be considered final.

Note: NH (Non-Hispanic); AI/AN (American Indian/Alaskan Native)



NC DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES
Division of Public Health