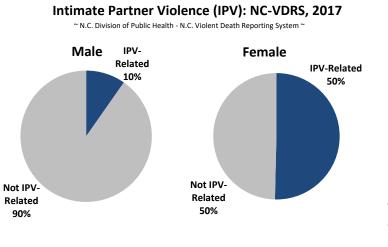
North Carolina Injury & Violence

INTIMATE PARTNER VIOLENCE IN NORTH CAROLINA, 2017

The North Carolina Violent Death Reporting System (NC-VDRS) is a CDC-funded statewide surveillance system that collects detailed information on deaths that occur in North Carolina resulting from violence: homicide, suicide, unintentional firearm deaths, legal intervention and deaths for which intent could not be determined. NC-VDRS is a multi-source system that gathers information from death certificates, medical examiner reports and law enforcement reports. The goal of this system is to aid researchers, legislators, and community interest groups in the development of public health prevention strategies to reduce violent deaths. NC-VDRS began collecting data in January 2004. This document summarizes deaths as a result of intimate partner violence (IPV) among North Carolina residents for the year 2017.

*NC-VDRS defines IPV as homicide deaths occurring as a direct result of conflict between current or former spouses or partners. This is a broad definition that includes deaths of children, friends or even bystanders who may or may not be directly involved in the conflict or those who may be intervening in the conflict.



Percent of Homicides Associated with

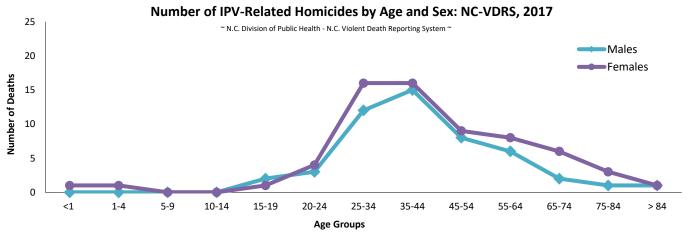
• In 2017, a total of 685 North Carolina residents died as a result of homicide. Circumstances were available for 645 (94.2%) of these homicides.

• 18.0% of homicides in 2017 with known circumstances were associated with intimate partner violence (IPV).

• Of the 117 identified IPV-related deaths in 2017 in North Carolina, 116 (99.1%) were homicides.

• Approximately one-half of all female homicides were IPV-related (50.4%), while roughly one-tenth of all male homicides were IPV-related (9.7%).

• In 2017, the highest number of IPV-related homicides were in the 25-34 and 35-44 year age groups for both males and females.

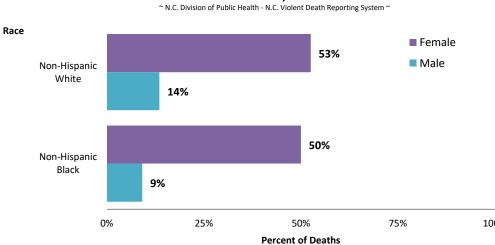


• Of the IPV-related homicide victims, 48 (41.4%) were married, 52 (44.8%) were never married, 15 (12.9%) were divorced/separated, and 1 (0.9%) was widowed, single, or marital status was unknown.

• Of all homicides, the proportion that were IPV-related was higher among never married victims (44.8%) than married victims (41.4%) and victims who were seperated or divorced (12.9%).

Percent of IPV-Related Homicides by Race* and Sex:

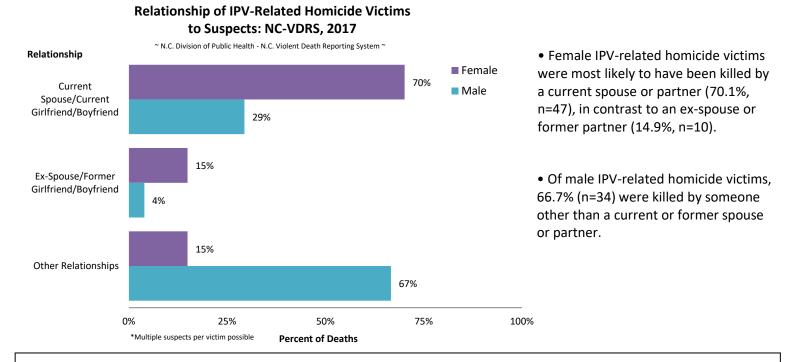
NC-VDRS, 2017



• The percentage of homicides among non-Hispanic (NH) white females that were IPV-related (52.5%, n=31) was higher than the percentage of homicides among NH black females that were IPV-related (50.0%, n=28).

 The percentage of homicides among NH white males that were IPV-related (13.5%, n=18) was higher than the percentage of homicides among NH
black males that were IPV-related
(9.1%, n=30).

*A total of 2 male & 7 female other race (Hispanic and non-Hispanic Asian, American Indian, and unknown) were excluded from the above calculations



More information about intimate partner violence can be found at:

Council for Women/Domestic Violence Commission Contact: (877) 502-9898 https://ncadmin.nc.gov/about-doa/divisions/council-for-women

North Carolina Coalition Against Domestic Violence

Contact: (888) 232-9124 https://nccadv.org/ The National Domestic Violence Hotline Contact: (800) 799-7233 https://www.thehotline.org/

The National Alliance to End Sexual Violence Contact: (202) 289-3900 https://www.endsexualviolence.org/

The North Carolina Violent Death Reporting System is supported by Cooperative Agreement 5NU17/CE002613-05-00 from the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC).



N.C. Division of Public Health / www.publichealth.nc.gov / Injury Epidemiology & Surveillance Unit/ 919-707-5425 N.C. Violent Death Reporting System / 919-707-5432 State of North Carolina / Department of Health and Human Services / www.ncdhhs.gov N.C. DHHS is an equal opportunity employer and provider. 2017 FINAL DATA 5/19

Please see the NC-VDRS 2017 Annual Report for additional data and technical information.

NORTH CAROLINA INJURY AND VIOLENCE PREVENTION

www.injuryfreenc.ncdhhs.gov

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